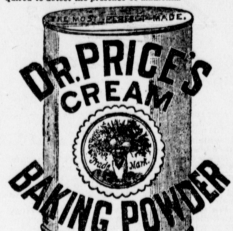


## TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure  
CONTAIN NO AMMONIA.

**THE TEST!**  
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemical will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**  
DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.  
ITS PURENESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.  
In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumer's reliable test.

**THE TEST OF THE OVEN.**  
**PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,**  
MAKERS OF  
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,  
The strongest, most delicate and tastiest flavor known, and  
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Food Gums  
For Light, Healthy Bread. The Best Dry B.P.  
Food in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.  
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS

## BOOKS!

Slates, Copy Books,  
**PENS AND INKS,**

Pencils, Paper and School Supplies of all kinds at the lowest prices. Your patronage is invited.  
MISS ANNA FRAZER.

**A. G. BROWNING, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence south-east corner of Third and Station streets. Will give special attention to diseases peculiar to children. Sufferers, east of Market.

**J. BLAKEBOURNE,**  
—Headquarters for—  
**Clocks, Silver Goods, Jewelry**

The Boss Waltham Watch Store. All work promptly and satisfactorily done. Second Street, east of Market.

**M. F. MARSH,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Justice of the Peace,  
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT.

Will advertise and sell real estate. No charge whatever unless a sale is consummated. Deeds, mortgages, etc., written at rates as low as any one's. Office Library Building, second street.

**BIRKBECK & CO.,**  
—Manufacturers of and Dealers in—  
**Stoves, Mantels, Grates**

Tinware, Stovepipes, Wood-burners, etc. Tin Roofing, Gutters, Spouting, and all other work a specialty. No. 31, Market Street, Third Street, east of Market, MAYSVILLE, KY.

**L. ANE & WARRICK,**  
Contractors.

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on reasonable terms and all work satisfactorily and promptly done. Office on Third street, between Wall and Sutton.

**MOSE DAULTON & BRO.,**  
GOOD INTENT

Livery and Sale Stable.

A full line of all kinds of vehicles on hand for sale, hire or exchange. Horses kept by day, week or month. Largest and best appointed Livery Stable in the West. Prices as low as any. Best attention to promptly and satisfactorily done. No. 31, Market Street, Third Street, east of Market, MAYSVILLE, KY.

**N. F. BISSSET, McCLANAHAN & SHEA,**  
(Successors to Cooper & Bisset,  
Dealers in Stoves, Grates, Marble  
Mantels, and all kinds of Hardware,  
Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.

Special attention paid to tin roofing, gutters and spouting. Practical plumbers, gas and steam fitters. Wrought iron and cast pipe and all other work done to order. All work warranted. 21 E. Second st. ably MAYSVILLE, KY.

**FRANK R. HAUCHE,**  
House, Sign and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Shop a few doors above Yancy & Alexander's Livery stable, second street.

ADVERTISERS send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce street, N. Y.

## THE COUNTING GOES ON

But the Face of the Returns is Not  
Materially Changed.

The Republicans, However, Are Hoping for Something to Turn Up—  
Press Comments—Republican  
Predictions—That Banquet—  
Negroes Excited.

New York, Nov. 13.—The following are the official announcements of the canvass in the counties named:

COUNTIES.	Cleveland's Plurality.	Blaine's Plurality.
Albany	8,792	8,792
Cattaraugus	1,338	1,338
Cayuga	2,154	2,154
Chautauque	4,509	4,509
Clinton	822	822
Columbia	1,028	1,028
Delaware	978	978
Dutchess	1,490	1,490
Essex	1,775	1,775
Franklin	1,307	1,307
Fulton and Hamilton	1,047	1,047
Genesee	998	998
Herkimer	1,071	1,071
Jefferson	1,554	1,554
Levy	1,775	1,775
Livingston	1,119	1,119
Madison	1,744	1,744
Monroe	5,509	5,509
Montgomery	822	822
Niagara	318	318
Ontario	80	80
Oranget	127	127
Oneida	1,542	1,542
Oswego	496	496
Queens	1,923	1,923
Rensselaer	846	846
Saratoga	1,307	1,307
Rockland	1,104	1,104
Schenectady	828	828
Schoharie	1,867	1,867
Seneca	818	818
Steuben	967	967
Suffolk	375	375
Sullivan	295	295
Tioga	988	988
Tremont	428	428
Ulster	784	784
Warren	2,111	2,111
Washington	1,288	1,288
Wayne	1,323	1,323
Westchester	1,323	1,323
Yates	1,323	1,323

The following are the generally accepted pluralities in the counties not officially announced:

COUNTIES.	Cleveland's Plurality.	Blaine's Plurality.
Albany	647	647
Broom	1,492	1,492
Chemung	439	439
Chenango	1,002	1,002
Columbia	52	52
Greene	15	15
Kings	15,713	15,713
New York	1,268	1,268
Ontario	8,792	8,792
St. Lawrence	7,604	7,604
Schenectady	1,307	1,307

New York, Nov. 13.—The Board of Canvassers resumed work at 10:15 this morning. Col. Biss, Senator Brodsky, Robert Sewall and the Board of Canvassers are the interests of the Republicans. Counselors Miller, Scott and others represented the Democratic interest. The Board of Canvassers met at the Fourteenth Assembly District, and proceeded to the twenty-first election district, without incident, except an occasional remark where the inspectors' returns bore some clerical error of omission or commission. The Board of Canvassers was being canvassed by W. M. Everts toward the chamber and made his way toward the corner where the Republican count was being made. No change occurred in the canvass of the remaining seven election districts, the canvass being completed at 11:30. The Board of Canvassers met at the Twenty-third Ward and in the canvass of the remaining wards and county towns, no changes in figures were made. The Board of Canvassers adjourned at 12:30. Cleveland's majority, 51,573; Blaine's majority, 51,573.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The canvass of New York State has been the subject of a report telegraphed from that city this afternoon of a loss of 389 in three districts on the Democratic electoral ticket of New York.

New York, Nov. 13.—There was little doing at the Republican headquarters today. The plan pursued is different from that of the Democrats. Returns were not received from counties, and the county matters were left entirely in the hands of the lawyers at the various county canvasses.

It was reported on Wall street that Wm. M. Everts had withdrawn from the Republican advisory committee of lawyers. Mr. Everts said last evening: "I don't see that it is anybody's business but I have taken my position on the committee that I have hitherto held."

The Democratic advisory committee were in session last night in the Hoffman House. They received reports of the canvass from the remaining counties, and found the figures to be the same as theirs.

Senator Jones, of the Republican National Committee, said that Edmund Blaine's visit to the city had no political significance. He is on his way to Iowa, where he is connected with a railway.

The Republican State Committee has given up the special election rooms at the Gluy House, and moved to one small room.

Secretary Barker said Blaine's defeat was not a political loss, but that hereafter he was not friendly to the Prohibitionists.

Blaine Couldn't Help It.

New York, Nov. 13.—The Tribune says: "Inquiry was made of William Walter Phelps yesterday as to the rumors of Mr. Blaine's dissatisfaction with the management of the National Committee and the conduct of some of his personal friends. Mr. Phelps said that he had been in constant telegraphic communication with Mr. Blaine, and had seen no sign of such a feeling. Touching his

own relations with Mr. Blaine, Mr. Phelps said that there had been no change and no reason for any. He said that he had seen Mr. Blaine had sent that day to a mutual friend, in which Mr. Blaine said that he had not noticed that Mr. Phelps' vote was more than the election. He said that he had not noticed it, it would have had no significance to him, as Mr. Phelps had told him that the election that he had so many Democratic friends that he could not help running ahead."

Free Comments.

New York, Nov. 13.—The World says: "The official canvass in this State proceeded quietly yesterday, making no material change in the result already announced. In the Board of Aldermen yesterday several small points were raised, but the Democratic members, whether of Tammany Hall or County Democracy, stood firmly together. Up to this time the Blaine fraud rumors have suffered great disappointment."

The Times says: "There seems to be nothing to prevent the Aldermen from taking their time, but they could easily have their statement in the hands of the Secretary of State before Wednesday night if they could canvass the returns for election throughout all the districts first. The statement of the vote for election is a separate matter, and there is nothing in the law to prevent its being made first."

The Sun says: "Those whose dread of having the Democratic count set aside in favor of the Republicans has driven them to a good deal of silly talk. They felt to recognize the enormous difference between the Republican vote of today and the party of 1876. One important element in the scheme in 1876 was the presence of Grant in the White House. He was ready to do anything. But President Arthur is a fair-minded man. There need be no anxiety as to his attitude toward the Electoral count. The National Committee of both parties have felt called upon, since the election, to issue sundry addresses, for the purpose of informing the American people of the result of the election. We doubt if the American people are very grateful for such information. Neither of these Committees has had any knowledge which could not be obtained by any reader of impartial newspapers, and neither has displayed the moderation which might inspire confidence. The leaders of the nationists there has not been good. They have excited popular feeling at a time when it was already running high. The good sense of the people has prevented any harm from following, but these declarations, for the most part, ought never to have been made."

The Tribune says: "While the result of the Presidential election remains in doubt, there is opportunity to consider why it is so. Every one can see now that the Republican party had the power to carry the country by decisive majorities, provided it had used the right means from the beginning. It had a powerful majority in the House, and the people at large and to business interests—and yet the result is uncertain. The fact is there were too many bands and banners, too much of old and new machinery in production to the amount of quiet work for the education of the people by the circulation of capable journals and documents. The party had a very early in school district meetings. When the Republican party came into being it gained success by earnest appeal to the public intelligence. The Board of Canvassers' work was the extraordinary number of school district meetings in which the question at issue was repeatedly explained to voters. Great numbers of voters were won by the hands of almost every voter who could read. Work of this sort deserves success, and soon secured it, but after the Republican party began to count too much upon its use of political machinery, upon the control of office, the command of money and all the other devices which in its youth the party had entirely lacked."

Jones and Whitney's Comments.

New York, Nov. 13.—The Sun says: "Chairman Jones, of the National Republican Committee, is ready to consider the prospects of the National Convention. Cleveland's election. Whitney, a large iron manufacturer, told within. The two agreed that the prospects for the iron trade, in which Cleveland's election was a great loss, were not so bright as they had been. Whitney said that the iron trade had already declined 1 1/2 ton and many mills were preparing to blow out their furnaces. Whitney said that the iron trade had already declined 1 1/2 ton and many mills were preparing to blow out their furnaces. Whitney said that the iron trade had already declined 1 1/2 ton and many mills were preparing to blow out their furnaces."

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81,000, Gould \$85,000, with a conditional promise of more.

The Times states that the Republican National Committee then proceeded to run up large bills for the street parade that occurred soon after, but they had great difficulty in collecting the amount. The money on the part, most of it being still unpaid, owing to the subscribers claiming that the subscriptions were counting on Blaine being elected.

The Scramble for Office.

PULASKI, N. Y., Nov. 13.—In view of the probable election of Governor Cleveland the scramble for the postoffice has already begun. It is asserted on good authority that several applications were sent to Mr. Cleveland on the night of the 4th. At Fondra there are ten applicants, at Amsterdam thirteen, and to cap all, there are no less than twenty-two applicants in Canastota, fully a third of whom are women.

Missouri.

St. LOUIS, Nov. 13.—Official returns from 104 counties, including St. Louis city, give Cleveland 121,300; Fusion tickets, 109,035; St. John, 14,441. Cleveland's plurality, 31,365; majority over all, 29,834. Marmaduke, Democrat, for Governor, 99,634; Ford, Fusion, 99,634; Brooks, Republican, 9,785; Marmaduke's plurality, 11,300; majority over all, 1,536. There are three counties still to hear from.

Tennessee.

MAYSVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 13.—There is no regular time for canvassing the election returns of this State, we will wait till all are in. Blaine's Democratic majority for Governor 6,000. The Democratic Election has been elected three Congressmen out of ten, a gain of one.

A WHINING CUR.

Suggesting the Mother of His Lifes Victims to Save His Life.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 14.—Oliver H. Bateman, the brutal murderer of the McLaughlin children, at Pine Springs, Dew County, last August, under circumstances without a parallel in the criminal annals of Missouri, and who pleaded guilty to two indictments for murder in the first degree—one for each of the children, seven and eleven years old, respectively—and whose anxiety for speedier execution has been a noted curiosity, was waiting for the day of mounting the scaffold with almost pious Protestant prayers, and who was, for all this pronounced of sound mind by the physicians, yesterday completely weakened, and it is now probable that he will have to be carried to the scaffold. He has written a pious letter to the mother of the murdered children, denying that he had any accomplice in the crime, and begging the help and assistance which he imagines may, in some way, save his life.

RELIGIOUS RIOTS.

Rev. Chalmers Infamously the Roman.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.—There is an unpleasant prospect of serious riots growing out of the lectures being delivered in various French Protestant churches in the city by the Rev. Chalmers, an ex-priest of the Roman Catholic Church, who is now laboring for the conversion of his fellow Catholics. His lectures are once again held last night. Five hundred young men, mostly Protestants, marched with heavy sticks in hand to St. Sauveur Church, to protect the lecturer, who was lecturing there. The opposing element were surprised by their appearance and reinforced with a few more, but collision was averted by the police. More trouble is feared Sunday when the orator speaks in Russell Hall. Calls have been issued by both sides for their supporters to attend in force.

Horses, Cattle, etc.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—A very large branch of live stock industry in the country is represented here this week. The Fat Stock Show continues to attract large crowds. Dealers of Northern and Western horses and Galloway cattle are holding their annual convention. The National Convention of stockmen, which meets today, is the most important of its kind yet held here. At the session of the latter to-day, Dr. Loring, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Dr. S. J. Jones, Chief of Animal Industry, will read papers on pleuro-pneumonia, which subject will be exhaustively discussed. The delegates present are all from western cattle raising States and Territories.

Oregon News.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 14.—Portland was today placed in telegraphic communication with the Eastern States by the completion of a new line over the Oregon Short Line. Flattering reports have been received here from the Clear D'Alema mines and large numbers of adventures are leaving daily for mines in the neighborhood.

Parties coming in from along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railroad say the road is being rushed energetically, and that 270 miles yet remains to be completed. A large force is employed at either end.

A SLEEPY OPERATOR.

Causes a Collision—Two Killed and

St. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 14.—Information reached this city yesterday of a collision between two freight trains that occurred on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway between Luma and Charleton, Mo., Tuesday night, in which engineer Shattuck and fireman Wadsworth were killed instantly, and a brakeman seriously injured. It is said an operator went to sleep and failed to raise a train as having passed his station.

The Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 14.—The Alabama Legislature met today, and the Senate organized by electing Thomas Hoey President and W. L. Clay Secretary. The House was called to order, after the swearing in of the members, adjourned.

A General Fire.

MERRILL, Wis., Nov. 14.—Loser's clothing store, H. W. Boyer's restaurant, R. A. Hayler's harness shop and the Temperance Union of Merrill, Wis., were all destroyed by fire. Loss about \$14,000.

## ST. JOHN HAPPY AS EVER

He Denies that He Sold Out Politically to Anybody.

He is Satisfied with the Result of the Election as a Whole—Will Now Start Out on a Four-Years' Campaign.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 14.—A reporter, who visited ex-Governor St. John in Olathe, Kansas, yesterday, found him operating scores of letters and messages of congratulations. He said he was not at all disturbed by the cry against him going up from the Republican ranks, but rather enjoyed it, and was in the best of temper and spirits. Alluding to the charges that he had been paid for his work throughout the country, he said: "Such talk is the vilest sort of nonsense and nonsense. I am a poor man, but content and happy. As to the charge of bribery, it is too foolish to mention. I have not seen Cleveland or Hendricks nor any member of the Democratic Committee nor had any communication nor understanding with any Democrat as to how I should run this campaign. Neither have I ever talked or been approached by any Democrat, nor have I entered into any agreement with any man or set of men or formed any alliance with any party for four years' campaign for constitutional prohibition. There can be no doubt as to the ultimate triumph of the cause. It will triumph. It is right, and the right always wins. I will draw the better element from both the present political parties until its numbers are sufficient to carry the entire country with confidence of this, and that in the end the great cause of prohibition and temperance will win."

Lookout There, Prohibitionists!

BATON ROUGE, La., Nov. 14.—The Republican Party of Louisiana is the bitterest of Blaine's reduced majority upon the Prohibitionists, and they are greatly incensed. They openly vow vengeance upon the Prohibitionists, and intimate that they will break up the cold water organization in this county. "We'll show them next spring," said a Republican, "by voting for license, giving them free whiskey so far as it's in our power to do so. We'll fill the streets with the stuff," he continued, "and we'll show them for all this pronounced of sound mind by the physicians, yesterday completely weakened, and it is now probable that he will have to be carried to the scaffold. He has written a pious letter to the mother of the murdered children, denying that he had any accomplice in the crime, and begging the help and assistance which he imagines may, in some way, save his life."

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

A Shock that is Felt from Toledo Across the Lake in Canada.

TOLEDO, Nov. 1.—At 10:30 this morning Toledo was startled by a terrific shock which shook the buildings, shattered glass and caused a general panic in many of the schools. It was caused by the explosion of the nitroglycerine factory and store house owned by Rummel & Co., located about four miles up the river, outside the city limits. Five men were at work in the establishment at the time. None were killed, but all were more or less injured.

The result of the explosion in the vicinity simply terrifies the people. The shock, of the ground torn up and every thing becoming a desolate scene. Windows were shattered in the House of Refuge near by. In Perryburg, Pa. miles distant, windows were broken, the school house walls were cracked, the black boards thrown to the floor and every body run out of their seats and on to the streets.

The shock was felt at Detroit and various Canadian points across the lake as far east as Cleveland. In each of these distant places the shock was supposed to be an earthquake.

There were 25,000 pounds of dynamite and 3,000 pounds of gunpowder stored in the magazine. Rummel & Co. lost about \$100,000; no insurance.

city foot up many hundreds of dollars, and it is impossible at this time to estimate it.

DOUBLE MURDER.

Two Old People Killed for the sake of Money.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 14.—Word reached Denver last night of the murder of Robert Standing and his wife at their ranch near Pine Grove, a station forty miles from Denver, on the South Park Railroad. The couple were very old and their ranch near Pine Grove, a station forty miles from Denver, on the South Park Railroad. The couple were very old and their ranch near Pine Grove, a station forty miles from Denver, on the South Park Railroad. The couple were very old and their ranch near Pine Grove, a station forty miles from Denver, on the South Park Railroad.

Standing's relatives in Denver think that he and his wife were deliberately murdered for money. A few days ago Standing sold his ranch and 1,000 head of cattle for \$30,000. Only enough money was paid to sell the bargain. The relatives are of the opinion that somebody who knew of the transaction and thought the money had been paid, committed the deed. Standing was the leader of a religious sect in the neighborhood.

The Latter Day Saints, though their religious views differ materially from the Mormon faith.

Killed in a Supper.

CLEVELAND, Tenn., Nov. 14.—Meager particulars of a horrible murder in Meridian have just been received here. Thomas Bull, a locomotive engineer, while in an intoxicated condition, went into a house of ill-repute. He became involved in a difficulty with three men and was knocked down, and before he could regain his feet, he was dealt a terrific blow on the neck with a heavy iron bar. The most severe his head and Bull died instantly. His neck was broken and both jugular veins were cut. The murderer escaped.

The Pigeonrover.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Charles Cardiff, the heavy-weight pugilist, in company with several other boxers, left to-night with his backers, Chas. E. Daniels, for Florida, where he means to devote his time to training and boxing. He was accompanied by a large number of the Chicago pugilist, in a four round glove contest, Marquis of Queensbury rules. A number of Chicago sports are expected to meet the contest. Anderson left yesterday for Florida.

Marine.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Arrived: Egyptian Monarch, from London; Brooklyn City, from Bristol; Sailed: Egyptian Monarch, for London; Ems for Bremen; Labra

The Republican party hasn't yet acquired the art of submitting gracefully.

MR. BLAINE, having blundered so much before election, finds it difficult to cease to bluster.

The Board of Trade at Lexington has passed a resolution in favor of a free turnpike system.

The income of the B. & O. Railroad was \$19,500,000 for the past year; increase in surplus fund, \$1,000,000.

The Republican party made a mistake in letting the stock gamblers and Star-route thieves get possession of it.

The Washington correspondent has reached a height of five hundred and twenty-one feet from the floor of the base.

The question is now between the people and Mr. Blaine, Steve Elkins and about half-dozen other desperate and defeated politicians.

At the close of the last fiscal year there were 322,756 pensioners, who received during the year \$56,908,000. The total amount disbursed since 1861 is \$676,346,834.

MR. BLAINE wrote the "fraud" address, adopted and issued by the Republican National Committee. He ought to have added "burn this letter!" in the note transmitting it.

An exchange says a pan of sliced raw onions placed in a room where there is diphtheria will absorb the poison and prevent the disease from spreading. The onions should be buried every morning and fresh ones cut up.

The New York World says: As soon as it was known that the vote in this State would be close the returns of every precinct were carefully revised, footed and verified by the newspapers. The official canvass completed in forty counties yesterday shows how thoroughly this work was done. There is no material change thus far, and the Republican talk about "fraud" is vanishing like frost in the sunshine. His name is Cleveland.

INTERVIEWS with leading business men in New York prove what was declared after the nomination of Governor Cleveland, that his election to the Presidency would be salutary to the commercial interests of the country. There was great and warranted fear that the success of the Republican ticket would be disastrous to business. In Cleveland the business men saw a wise and conservative executive. It will be the pleasure as well as the power of Governor Cleveland, as President, to exert an influence that must be most favorable to all national interests.

ONE result of the recent elections will be a slight increase of the Republican majority in the United States Senate. There are now in the Senate forty Republican votes—those of the two Readjusters included—and thirty-six Democratic votes. On March 3 next the terms of fourteen Democrats and eleven Republicans will expire. Twelve of the fourteen Democratic seats will be filled by Democrats. The party will lose a Senator in Oregon and one in California, and probably gain one in Illinois. It appears therefore, that the Democrats will have thirty-five votes at the next session. The eleven retiring Republicans ten will be succeeded by Republicans. The party will gain two votes—one in California and one in Oregon—and will lose one, according to the latest advices, in Illinois. The Senate will be divided, then, as follows: Republicans, 39; Readjusters, 2; Democrats, 35.

THE Harrisburg (Pa.) Patriot says: Poor Blaine has gone stark mad. When disappointment was the harvest of Greeley's hopes of the Presidency his body gave way, and after a brief illness he died. The loss was a universal one, for Greeley was a great man. But so far as the public knew he maintained his mental faculties unimpaired to the end. What a contrast in the behavior of Blaine since his defeat. Consumed with ambition he is unable to accept the rebuke which the people have administered to him. He raves like a maniac and in the frenzy of his disappointment takes in revolutionary theories against fraud. He knows that the only frauds which were contemplated are those his managers and Jay Gould had prepared to perpetrate. They were prevented only by the determined attitude of the Democrats.

What a pitiful aspect Mr. Blaine presents. He invokes sectionalism and invites riotous disorder to give life to an ambition that has collapsed. The history of the country shows no parallel to such imbecility. It is to be hoped that the future will disprove no equal to it. If Blaine had followed Greeley to the grave it would have been a mercy to his memory.

Annual Report of Henry T. Neal, Solicitor of the Treasury.

United States Naval Academy—The Swain Court-Martial—German's Prescription of American Fork—Duties on Tin Plates.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Mr. Henry T. Neal, Solicitor of the Treasury, has submitted to the Attorney General his annual report upon the operations of that office, which shows that the whole number of suits commenced by the office during the year was 3,216, involving a sum sued for of \$1,054,308. The whole number of suits decided in favor of the United States, 29 adversely, 438 settled and dismissed, 13 penalties remitted, leaving 1,474 still pending. The whole number of suits decided or otherwise disposed of during the year was 3,157, the whole amount for which judgments were obtained was \$408,251, and the entire amount collected from every source \$356,307. The number of offers of compromise accepted was 70, involving \$767,667, and the amount accepted \$3,205. The number of offers rejected was 40, involving \$156,137.

A very potential reason for the failure to collect is the delay in the judgment recovered against defaulting officers is that the accounts of such officers are not more promptly adjusted and placed in the hands of the proper officers of the Government for collection. The Solicitor, therefore, suggests that hereafter the accounts of all officers be adjusted within a period of two years after the retirement of the respective incumbent from his office, and a limitation be provided within which suitors must be called upon to make good the default of the principal. The Solicitor makes special mention of the condition of the civil business in which the Government is engaged, and in the course of the District of Columbia. The dockets show that for years past but few civil actions in which the Government is party plaintiff, and to which a defense has been interposed, have been tried. In reply to an inquiry upon this subject the District Attorney said that in his office was utterly insufficient to attend properly to the civil business alone, and the attention of Congress has never been sufficiently attracted to the difference between the duties of the United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia and those of United States attorneys elsewhere.

Important prosecutions conducted in the District, growing out of the frauds upon the Government, have necessitated the employment of special counsel, and it will be impossible to transact the business of the office in the future without either the appointment of special counsel in each case, or an increase of the regular force, the latter alternative being more desirable in every way. It has been necessary to almost entirely neglect the civil business of the office, and the duties on the criminal side of the courts. It has been necessary most of the time to allow the Grand Jury to go on without the assistance of any counsel from the District Attorney's office. In view of this condition of affairs the Solicitor recommends that the District Attorney be appointed to the position of assistant, and be stated salary to take charge of all the civil business in which the Government is interested in the District courts, or if this is not advisable, that the Solicitor be charged with the care of and the prosecution and defense of such business.

The Solicitor also submits the draft of a bill similar to that submitted by Senator George F. Tabor, in 1876, which, it is thought, will effect a prompt settlement of the accounts of the officers of the Government by the proper bureaus of the Treasury Department, and asks, if satisfactory, that it be submitted to Congress.

UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.

Superintendent F. M. Ramsay, of the United States Naval Academy, at Annapolis, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy, says that forty-six cadets completed the four years' course in June last, and eighty-three candidates for admission presented themselves in May and June last. Eighty-one in September. Ninety-three of the '04 were admitted. Mr. Ramsay says experience has shown that cadets who enter in August or May gain a great advantage over those who enter in September, and he recommends hereafter that all noncommissioned candidates be made by the 4th of March, and that all candidates for admission shall be required to present themselves for examination between May 15 and June 1. He also recommends that the selection of cadets who are to fill vacancies in the lower grades of the line and Engineer corps be made by the Marine Corps. The bill made upon the completion of the four years' service, instead of upon the completion of the six years' course.

THE SWAIN COURT-MARTIAL.

The counsel for General D. G. Swain have laid before the President an argument against the legality of the court-martial appointed in his case. The point made by them is that this court has been ordered by the President, and that the President is not empowered to order such a court except in cases where the commander of the accused is the accuser. They represent in their argument that in this case the Secretary of War is the accuser, and that the President is not empowered to order such a court except in cases where the commander of the accused is the accuser. They represent in their argument that in this case the Secretary of War is the accuser, and that the President is not empowered to order such a court except in cases where the commander of the accused is the accuser.

be no objection to its sale in Germany. Indeed, it strikes me that were such inspection made there would be such a strong pressure brought to bear upon the German Government by their own people that the embargo would be speedily removed. Should further experiments confirm what has been partially shown, that through curing in salt destroys the vitality of meats, it will doubtless result in a degree as to reduce danger from meats that have been thoroughly cured by this process. Again, nothing, it will doubtless result in a degree as to reduce danger from meats that have been thoroughly cured by this process. Again, nothing, it will doubtless result in a degree as to reduce danger from meats that have been thoroughly cured by this process.

RUNNING TOO FAST

Derails a Train and Injures a Number of Passengers.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 14.—The passenger train on the Colorado Central Railway, running from Denver to Pueblo, was derailed Monday while making a sharp curve. The third car left the track, pulling the last car with it. Both cars careened on their sides and then rolled over completely. The trucks being on top, in which position they were dragged fully sixty feet. Both coaches were completely wrecked. The first car contained eleven passengers and the second twenty-five, all of whom were more or less hurt, but none of them fatally. Both coaches caught fire from the stove, but the flames were extinguished by cool-headed passengers. As soon as the coaches stopped rolling the passengers were ordered to get out. The most seriously injured are: George H. Smith, of Denver, seriously injured about the head; Clarence Stevens, of Idaho Springs, head badly lacerated; Wm. Stevens, of Brooklyn, New York, a brother of Clarence, burned about the face; Conductor Anderson, who had charge of the train, serious spinal injury.

FRIGHTENED NEGROES.

Apprehensive that Democratic Rule Means a Return to Slavery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Specials from Nashville and Raleigh state that the numerous persons are infusing the feelings of the more ignorant negroes by leading them to believe that the return of the Democratic party to power will be followed by a restoration of slavery. It is alleged that the large firms at Palatka and Bufana, and the attendance at the election in those places, are all due to the disordered condition of the minds of the colored people. The Times has an editorial on the subject claiming that the negroes were frightened by the return of the Democratic party to power. The Times also has an editorial on the subject claiming that the negroes were frightened by the return of the Democratic party to power. The Times also has an editorial on the subject claiming that the negroes were frightened by the return of the Democratic party to power.

PUBLIC SALE.

BLUE GRASS FARM!

I will offer at public sale on Tuesday, December 9, 1884 that portion of my farm known as the "Blue Grass Farm" containing 285 ACRES.

About eighty acres in woodland pasture, with excellent growth of timber, the remainder in state of cultivation, ninety acres of which are in corn and wheat. A good supply of stock water is furnished by Cane Run and a pond. The farm is situated in Scott County, Ky., three miles from Georgetown, and is situated in the heart of the Blue Grass region. The land is situated in Scott County, Ky., three miles from Georgetown, and is situated in the heart of the Blue Grass region. The land is situated in Scott County, Ky., three miles from Georgetown, and is situated in the heart of the Blue Grass region.

FOR SALE, PRIVATELY.

A Fine Bourbon Farm!

Having determined to quit farming, I will offer at private sale, the farm known as the Douglas Lewis farm consisting of 230 Acres Finely Improved Land,

situated six miles from Paris, on the Harolds Creek pike, in the Cause Ridge territory, on the line between Morgan and Boone counties, and is well adapted for raising horses and cattle, and for growing corn and wheat. The farm is situated in Boone County, Ky., six miles from Paris, and is situated in the heart of the Blue Grass region. The land is situated in Boone County, Ky., six miles from Paris, and is situated in the heart of the Blue Grass region.

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GEO. S. ROSSER. M. J. MCCARTHY.

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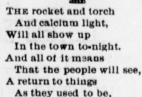
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Publishers and Proprietors,  
TO WHOM ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS



THE entertainments to be given by Philip Phillips at the M. E. Church next Monday and Tuesday evenings, will give the people of Maysville an opportunity of hearing one of the sweetest singers America has produced. Mr. Phillips has lately returned to this country from a tour around the world, during which he met with the most brilliant success. The illuminated views, some two hundred in all, which will be shown by the aid of a powerful lime light, will add to the interest of the entertainments.

and grove right around his native village, Saratoga, from which he had been banished by the enemy twenty-five pounds of bright iron from his armor; and it was a great relief to him to see it lying safely and soundly packed up in boxes in a nicely sent gift to him by express.

After John S.weeney, of Paris, went to Mr. Olcott on Sunday last to dedicate the new building, he was met at the door by a most splendid and efficient, nearly eight hundred persons, mostly ladies, who were all ready to sing "His Honor" was "It more blessed to give than receive." The good sermon was well appreciated and enforced in his own particular style. The good music was also well appreciated.

Our Congressman here, Hon. W. H. Watkins, and Hon. E. C. Plummer, old political enemies, passed through the city yesterday. I visited Sunday afternoon as usual and found everything about as usual. There is no change in the historic past. What stimulates the people is the present. They are not interested in what they are dwelling in until they are generally as well as personally as well as pecuniarily as well as in prayer.

Las Vegas, November 7th.

prominent in the history and the mythology of Kentucky as to merit attention, regardless of his personal claims to distinction. He was the son of the late Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, LL. D., a noted Presbyterian divine. He was born at Lexington, Ky., on the 10th of October, 1842, at Center College and the University of Louisville, entered the Confederate army as a Captain under John H. Morgan, and was promoted to the rank of Major in the Ninth Kentucky Cavalry and the command of a cavalry brigade, edited the *Confederate* for a year, and was in the army for two years, and was Professor of the Law at the University of Louisville, and of Equity Pleading and Jurisprudence in the University of Kentucky, for two years. He has never been a candidate for political honors, but has devoted himself successfully to the practice of law, and to the promotion of the public affairs of educational and charitable institutions, with which he has been connected for many years. He is a man who has a great capacity for labor, with all the energy and vim of a young man. As an orator he probably has no superior in

A new and cheap line of pocket books  
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Owing to the general stagnation in business all over the land, Nesbitt and Mc-

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Meat $\frac{1}{2}$ peck.....	25
Lard, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.....	12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Onions, per peck.....	26@30
Potatoes $\frac{1}{2}$ peck, .....	20

**W**ANTED—20,000 live turkeys and 30,000 fresh eggs at highest market price.  
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 at and made in the latest styles at  
 prices. Second street, next door

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